Collective Effect Study in 510GeV pp in Run16 with High Multiplicity Event

Itaru Nakagawa for the FVTX trigger team

Game Change: the "ridge" in pp collisions

Opportunity of studying novel QCD phenomena opened up by the LHC

September, 2010



Published for SISSA by ② Springer

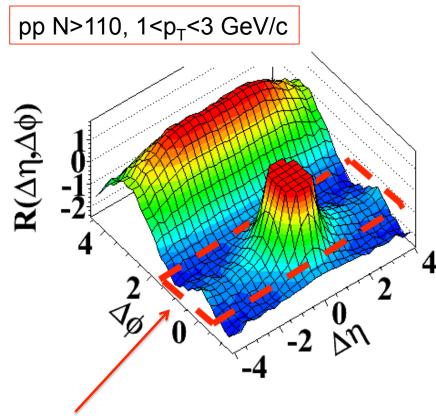
RECEIVED: September 22, 2010 Accepted: September 23, 2010 Published: September 27, 2010

Observation of long-range, near-side angular correlations in proton-proton collisions at the LHC

The CMS collaboration

ABSTRACT: Results on two-particle angular correlations for charged particles emitted in proton-proton collisions at center-of-mass energies of 0.9, 2.36, and 7 TeV are presented, using data collected with the CMS detector over a broad range of pseudorapidity (η) and azimuthal angle (ϕ) . Short-range correlations in $\Delta \eta$, which are studied in minimum bias

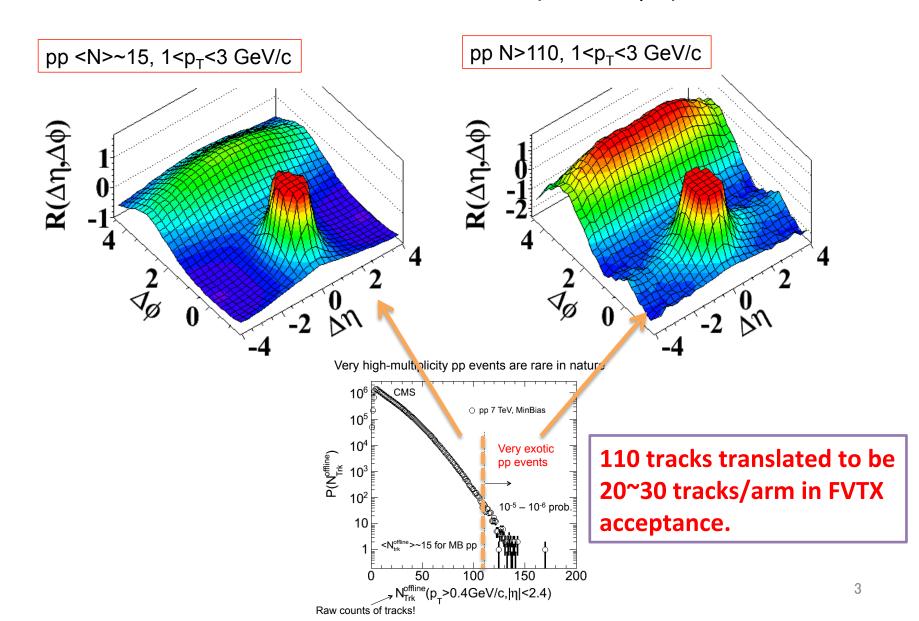
Two-particle $\Delta \eta$ - $\Delta \phi$ correlation



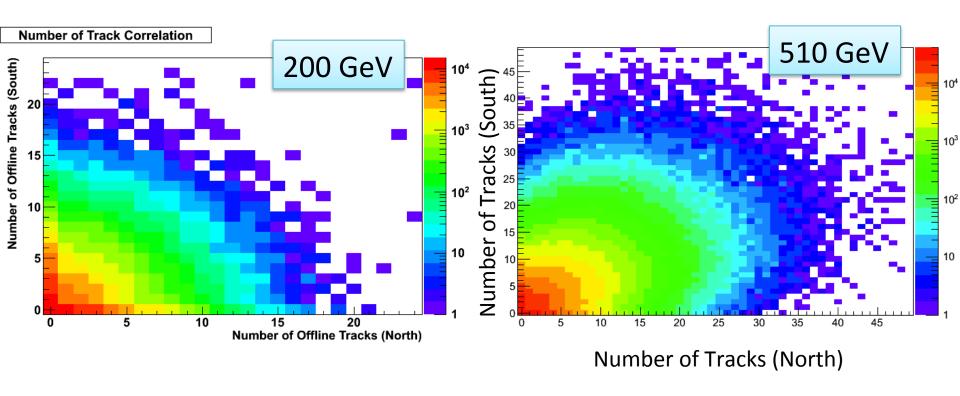
Unexpected ridge-like correlations in high multiplicity pp!

High Multiplicity Events is the key!

Two-particle $\Delta \eta$ - $\Delta \phi$ correlation



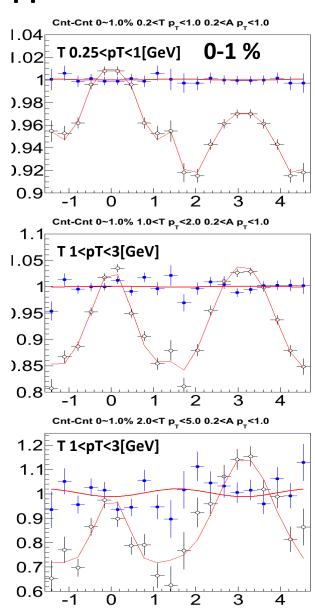
Wide Rapidity Range Correlation



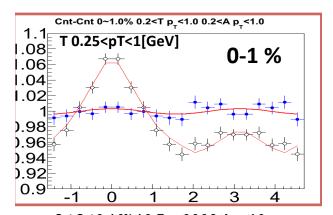
Although North and South (wide rapidity gap) correlation between high multiplicity events is known to be weak to start with though, 510 GeV shows rather stronger correlation compared that of 200 GeV.

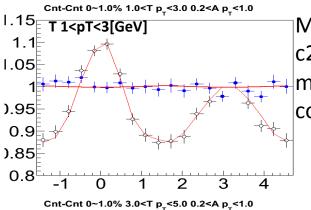
Hiroshi's Run9,13 Study

pp 200 GeV ERT Cnt-Cnt

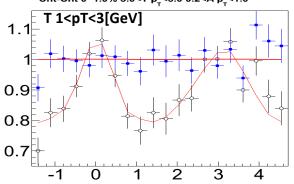


pp 500 GeV ERT Cnt-Cnt

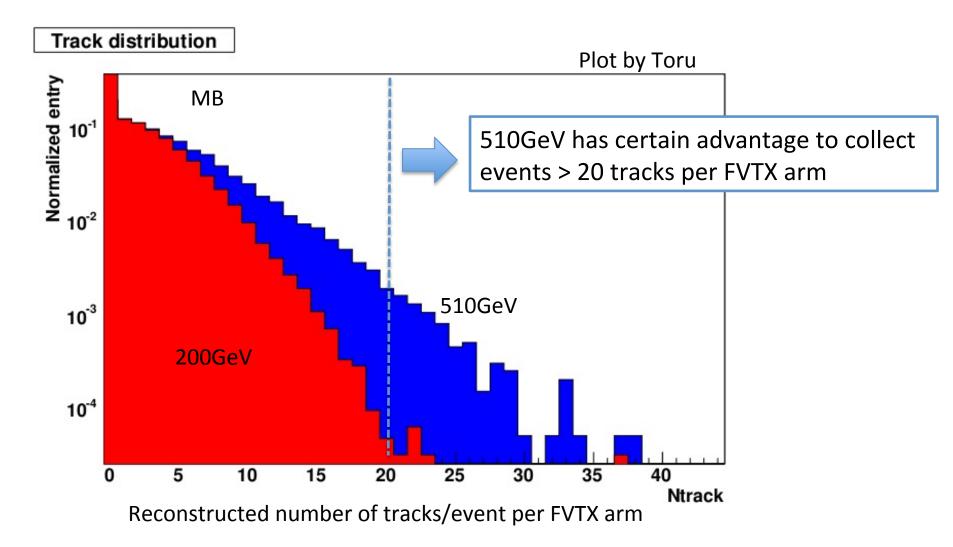




May be some indication of c2 in 500GeV, but need more statistics to be conclusive

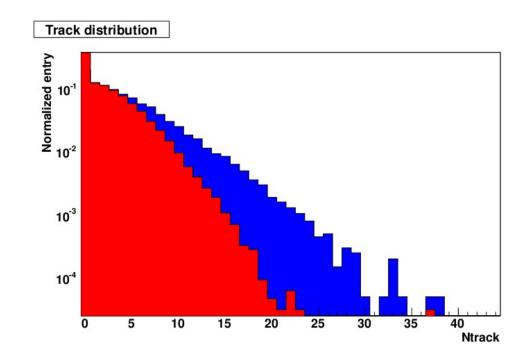


FVTX charged track distribution 200GeV vs. 500GeV



Fraction of High Multiplicity Events

| # of Tracks / arm | > 10 | > 20 | > 30 | > 40 |
|-------------------|------|-------|---------|--------|
| 500 GeV | 10% | 0.7% | 0.04% | 0.008% |
| 200 GeV | 4.1% | 0.03% | 0.0005% | |

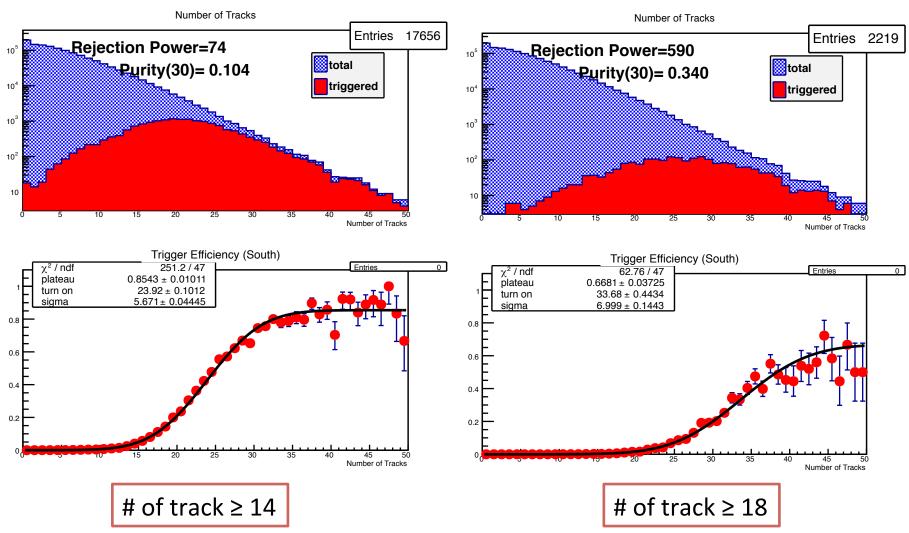


Required Rejection Power

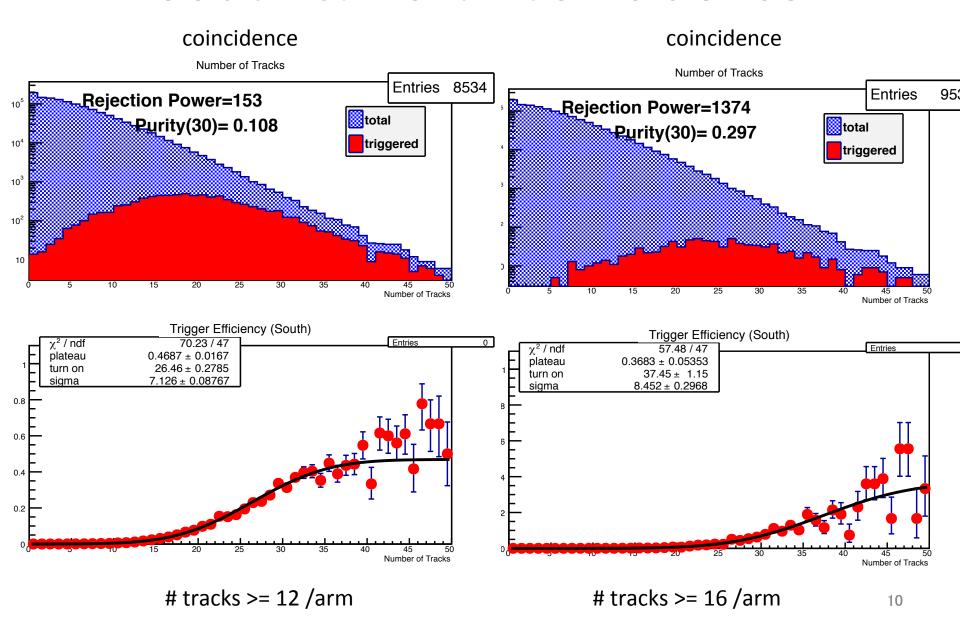
| # of Tracks / arm | > 0 | > 10 | > 20 | > 30 | > 40 |
|-----------------------------|------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| Fraction in MB | 100% | 10% | 0.7% | 0.04% | 0.008% |
| Rates in MB | 4MHz | 400kHz | 28kHz | 1.6kHz | 320Hz |
| Required Rejection Power | 1 | 10 | 142 | 2,500 | 12,500 |

- The maximum luminosity in Run13 was around 3~4MHz.
 - -> Expected to be provided $x2 => 6^8MHz$ in Run16.

FVTX Trigger Performance



South & North Coincidence



Trigger Performance Summary

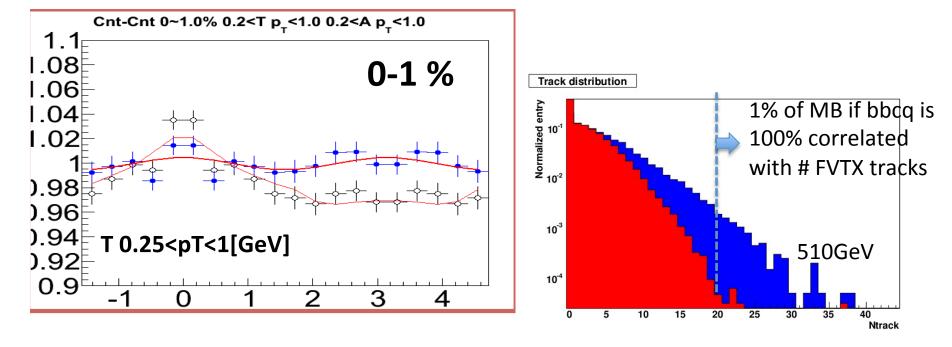
- Asking the trigger mix with BBC narrow VTX,
 the additional RP ~ 5 is expected.
- The total rejection power of 3000 ~ 7000 can be achieved at the cost of efficiency.
- RP~5000 will provides the trigger rate of 1kHz at BBC rate of 5MHz. (May be still need to be prescaled)
- Purity>30 is about 0.3.

Yield Estimate

- FVTX North and South separate trigger bits
- Assumed 500Hz band width
- 500Hz x 30% purity (>30tracks/arm) = 150Hz
- 150Hz x 3600s x 24h x 7days x 7 weeks x 30%
 DAQ time = 150Hz x 1.2M [s] = 190 Mevents

Total 190M events of tracks>30/arm (0.04%MB) to be accumulated

Impact compared to existing study



- MB rate was ~ 300Hz in Run13.
- 300Hz x 1% x 10weeks x bbcq efficiency ~ 5.4M events x bbcq efficiency
- Bbcq efficiency is the correlation between bbc charge and FVTX multiplicity

Summary

- We propose to study collective effect in 510GeV pp in Run16.
- Assuming high multiplicity plays essential role of the collective effect regardless of collision energy, 510 GeV has advantage compared to 200GeV.
- The estimated yield of #of tracks>30 is 190Mevents in 7weeks assuming 500Hz bandwidth.
- 190M expected events is at least ~ 40 times more event samples than Hiroshi's Run13 analysis (5.4M)
- We will try to improve the sharpness of the turn on curve by modifying hardware during shutdown.